No	Score	Vulnerability	Trigger		Consequence	Risk owner		Mitigation / control
1	A 4	Financial Resources	Reduction in government grant combined with higher demand for demand-led services such as homelessness, or failure to generate income.	•	Reductions in services required Performance against community expectations and targets reduced Investment in	Head of Strategic Finance & Property	•	Minimum Balances held on risk assessment basis to cushion impact over short term (max 2 years) Modelling of impact of grant settlement scenarios and
			Failure to realise capital receipts from disposals to support capital	•	improvement not possible or severely reduced Failure to meet statutory		•	function and funding changes Three year MTFP savings programme
			expenditure. External auditor challenges MRP Policy and capital		duties with potential for legal action or Local Government Ombudsman finds		•	Transformation Programme in scoping stage to deliver savings and efficiencies through an emphasis on:
			financing decisions Council Tax Referendum levels set too low to	•	significant cases of maladministration Corporate Manslaughter charges if maintenance			digital self-service; process automation; agile working leading to a much reduced accommodation
			generate sufficient tax revenue. Sudden economic Down turn results in		works not carried out, e.g. Legionella in air handling and cooling units		•	requirement Financial Sustainability Committee considering investments in
			negative Tax Base figures because of increased local Council Tax support claims	•	Large numbers of staff redundancies Major media engagement			infrastructure or operational assets that yield income or cost reductions that are not caught PWLB lending rules
			Members do not agree	•	Potential for MHCLG		٠	New capital programme

No	Score	Vulnerability	Trigger	Consequence	Risk owner	Mitigation / control
			significant savings at budget setting leading to an unbalanced budget leading to a s.114 report.	intervention		 items must make a return for the investment in cost reductions or income on top of covering the interest and MRP costs Charges will be required to be in conformity with proposed corporate policy on charging recovering total costs and concessions will need to be justified in policy terms and funded by higher
			Delay and/or significant cost over runs on major projects	 Delay leads to cost increases beyond the ability of the council to finance the capital costs Delays and cost overruns lead to non- delivery of savings requiring service offer reductions to compensate Projected savings not achieved after project completion due to changes in market away from service offer 		 charges for others. Business case reviews to ensure that projects make a return Cost and income estimates commissioned from industry expert consultants to feed into business case Project delivery by Major Projects Team with quarterly reports on progress to Leadership Team and Executive. Construction insurance presentation held in

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No	Score	Vulnerability	Trigger	Consequence	Risk owner	Mitigation / control
				 Significant local media engagement Reputational damage. 		 November and quotes to be sought for relevant covers. Capital Programme is phased and financed across years and contingency built into budgets so can be rephased if required.

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- The lockdown has caused a loss of income of approximately £800,000 per month. The third national lockdown was reviewed in mid-February andwith the new variants of the virus and the vaccination programme underway the base planning assumption that some form of restriction will remain in place until June at the earliest was confirmed. Once restrictions are eased we expect a cautious and gradual lifting with close examination of data so it is likely to take some time for people to return to their previous patterns of behaviour.
- Total Government support of just over £2.9 million has been received to date for Council services. A further £63.6 million has been received by the Council and paid out to support business and the community in East Herts.
- Council's £2.9 million funding compensates for loss of transactional income but not items such as rent on investment properties. It also contains one off funding for new burdens administering grants for business and residents but is significantly less than the actual cost of administering these schemes.
- Rent payments on investment properties have no significant defaults to date. Rent reductions have been agreed for 2 tenants in Charringtons but this has to set against compensation that would have been payable when we need to move tenants out for handover for the Old River Lane regeneration as we have included appropriate break clauses as part of the new rent agreement.
- Government has committed to the income compensation scheme for the first quarter of 2021/2 and it is possible that they would extend the scheme to cover periods of restrictions beyond quarter 1.
- Once the pandemic has ended and the economy has started to recover, the Government will have to determine how

Update on current position
 it will manage public finances going forward. It is likely that a new phase of austerity may well follow and central funding for district councils is likely to be limited or reduced. The government may well change the local taxation system by abolishing Business Rates and Council Tax and replacing it with some other form of property related or land value taxation. The Government may also decide to impose reorganisation on local government to reduce the number of Councils significantly. Leadership Team and Service Managers have looked at agile working proposals and validated the likely maximum number of desks required going forward. Indicative figures at this stage indicate that Wallfields is too large for our requirements and officers are now exploring options around sharing space with tenants or whether relocation elsewhere would produce greater savings. Transformation Programme vision, benefits realisation classifications, work streams and new digital by default customer journey ethos due for Executive validation during May with all Member briefing session to be programmed in. Savings plans for 2021/22 is on target with garden waste sign up being on budget assumption with a high on-line sign up of 92.5% and direct debit payments at 82% Corporate policy on charging to be developed to ensure consistency across charges – there have been a number of below cost charges agreed with no clear policy or justification in the past that are having to be dealt with as part of aligning charges with North Herts for joint commercial waste services. Grange Paddocks and Northgate End construction work is underway. Hartham contract awarded and within budget in February with works commencing on site late March. Old River Lane /Arts Centre change in scope progressing and approved by Council in March alongside the business plan. Development Agreement and Development Management Agreement draft approaching completion in April with s.151 officer and monitoring of

No	Score	Vulnerability	Trigger		Consequence	Risk owner		Mitigation / control
2	Β3	Corporate Governance and external political environment	Brexit trade deal risks Planning Policy Changes	•	Potential project delays due to labour shortages or materials imports, or increased project costs due to tariffs or supply chain difficulties. Settled status for EU nationals not taken up with consequent Border Force enforcement action Non-Tariff barriers leading to supply chain price increases and longer replenishment times. Some UK businesses may relocate to the EU making current domestic supplies into imports. Government policy changes to introduce development zones, ends s.106 and CIL for government infrastructure levy	Chief Executive	•	Address issues of labour shortage with contractors at progress meetings. Raise skills shortages at the LEP to ensure we train young people. Promote settled status application sand provide assistance through the CAB Consider forward funding stockpile of materials subject to delays as part of contract mobilisation Consider risks to supply chain as part of procurement exercises Both officers and Members are engaged in networking and lobbying to seek to influence change and to gain early indications of new policies

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No	Score	Vulnerability	Trigger	Consequence Risk owner	Mitigation / control
			Local government reorganisation / Devolution	 Government impose unitary authorities and reduce exchequer grants by savings made 	Both officers and Members are engaged in networking and lobbying to seek to influence change and to gain early indications of new policies.
			Climate Change / Zero Carbon / Build Back Greener	 District required to be carbon neutral from 2030 and Government targets set with fines for non-achievement 	 Work underway to progress carbon reduction and also exploring potential investments that support this aim but would also produce income for the council in the medium term.
			Changes to local taxation	 Business Rates and or Council Tax replaced with Land Value Tax or Local Income Tax Potential protests and non-payment campaigns Measure may end land banking with developers commencing on multiple sites to build out permissions and avoid LVT Uncertainty as to tax yields and redistribution 	 Both officers and Members are engaged in networking and lobbying to seek to influence change and to gain early indications of new policies. LVT is in operation in Denmark, Estonia and Latvia and there are suggested routes to implementation already published. Local Income Tax would require key data from HMRC before implications could be

No	Score	Vulnerability	Trigger	Consequence	Risk owner	Mitigation / control
				mechanisms cause difficulties budgeting		understood.
			Leadership / Management change	 Change in leadership politically sets radically different policy agenda and tone 		 Corporate Plan process Member induction and training Code of conduct Monitoring Officer/ s.151 officer
				 Change in Leadership Team structure 		 HR policies Estimates of workload v capacity Corporate Plan process
			Recession leading to increase in unemployment, business failure; low business growth and commercial property values decreasing significantly.	 Unemployment. Empty properties / shops. Lower rental income from council property portfolio. Increased demand on council services. Reduction in Council Tax Base due to LCTSS being a discount. Reduction in Business Rates income to the safety net level 		 European Regional Development Fund / MHCLG project to support businesses with advice and support on growing. Ware and Bishop's Stortford Launchpad to be grown. COVID support grants and business rates reliefs for 2020/21 and 2021/22 to support businesses through the pandemic. Broxbourne BC and CVS digital skills support

		Update on current position
2	•	Rydon's report that there is a national shortage of bricklayers which may affect Northgate End redevelopment timescales although they are confident they can resolve the issue. This situation seems counter intuitive since ONS issued statistics showing 64% of bricklayers were furloughed and their wages fell by 8%. Officers shall continue to monitor the situation and seek to understand the situation but as bricklayers are considered a high vulnerability job, as it cannot be done remotely and therefore has a high risk of infection, there is perhaps a reluctance to come off furlough until they have been vaccinated.
	•	As at 12 December 7,200 individuals with an East Herts address had applied for Settled Status. This indicates a strong appetite for EU citizens to remain in the district.
	•	Officers are considering the lessons from how the Council has been able to operate during the pandemic. It is evident that working from home is possible on a greater scale and this will have implications for our future accommodation needs and reduce travel leading to lower carbon emissions
	•	Council is actively targeting food waste reduction. The Climate Change Committee say that for the UK's next carbon budget food waste must be reduced by 75% i.e. the vast majority of carbon emissions are from the production and transportation of food that is wasted. The UN report on food waste said that almost a billion tons of food was wasted and led to carbon emissions that if it were a country, would be third behind the USA and China
	•	2 stage approach to mitigating recession following COVID-19: In the first lockdown the council supported over 2,200 businesses with £30m of government funded grants and £18m of reliefs. A further £6.8m has been paid out since November through different government grant schemes and a further 600 businesses have benefitted on top of the 2,200 above.
	•	£132,000 of ERDF funding has been allocated to support safe re-opening of High Streets and has covered work such as traffic management on high streets to encourage social distancing. Due to the second national lockdown retail businesses are again facing significant challenges and our most recent response has been to introduce a shop local campaign focused on on-line buying and takeaways / click and collect services. The funding was also used to purchase hand sanitisers in town centres and planters to replace temporary traffic barriers.
	•	Council also commissioned a new service with Broxbourne Borough Council and the CVS to support newly unemployed residents get back into work by supporting them with digital skills such as interviewing over Zoom and

Update on current position
MS Teams. Service launched 5th October 2020. As at 31 March 2021, 41 individuals had made use of the scheme.

No	Score	Vulnerability	Trigger		Consequence	Risk owner		Mitigation / control
3	A3	Performance, resilience and security of IT systems	Data and/or information lost causing breach of Data Protection Act Cyber-attack results in total loss of data and systems	•	Substantial fine from Information Commissioner Major media engagement Reputational damage Disruption to services potentially long-running Inability to carry out enforcement as no records to check against Resources devoted to recovery moved off to assist police investigation delaying recovery Major media engagement Reputational damage Council becomes financially unsustainable	Deputy Chief Executive	•	Network Virtual Desktop configuration prevents download of data to local storage devices Network firewall and security systems tested and monitored Staff training Confidential waste shredded Massive reductions in printing since pandemic
								realisation reports. The investment requirements are tried and tested systems that have resulted in savings elsewhere.

	Update on current position
3	 January's report showed that: 3,298 spam emails were blocked out of 248,920 received. 19 impersonation attempts were blocked. 20 emails containing malware were blocked. A dedicated GDPR/Data Protection Officer has been recruited and has taken up the post. Recent weekend shutdowns have enabled the disabling of old technology that was no longer supported or updated. New firewalls and switches have been installed and although slightly behind due to resourcing issues, all major projects are progressing well. A small agile working group has been established and is currently working to develop a trial partial reopening of the Wallfields office in April. We are working towards the Government dates and will review in line with any guidance or changes that emerge. The office has been assessed to ensure it is meeting current COVID guidance.

No	Score	Vulnerability	Trigger	Consequence	Risk owner	Mitigation / control
4	B 2	Staff capacity and skills to deliver services	Loss of key staff	 Disruption to Council services Poor customer service Internal control or governance failure Reputation damaged in the media 	Head of Human Resources and Org Development	 Staff development including the on-line learning pool Succession planning for key staff within Services Use of flexible retirement to ensure continuity of experienced staff whilst
			Staff capacity unable to deliver projects	 Staff cannot undertake level or volume of work to meet all priorities Council does not deliver performance expectations Opportunities lost to improve outcomes Partners lose confidence in ability to deliver Public lose confidence in ability to deliver Disruption to Council services 		 bringing on staff into roles Prioritisation of work through the Corporate Plan and Executive Members Major projects taken forward with corporate project management standards via the Major Projects Team Market supplements where appropriate Selective use of external resources and contingent labour through neutral
			Unable to recruit to key posts	 Poor customer service Internal control or governance failure Reputation damaged in the media Disruption to Council 		 vendor to drive down costs. Internal communications emphasising welfare and mental health Contingency planning

Appendix 1	
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N	lo	Score	Vulnerability	Trigger	Consequence	Risk owner	Mitigation / control
				Industrial action	servicesPoor customer serviceNon-delivery of projects		Contingency planning

	Update on current position
4	 Staff turnover had reduced for the 19/20 (1/4/19-31/3/2020) period to 10.1% from 19% (18/19) meaning that the regrading and pay proposals appear to have aided attraction and retention as planned. Turnover has continued to remain low which is common in the current pandemic and for 20/21 it has reduced further to 8.4% for global turnover with 6.3% for voluntary turnover (there were 28 leavers, but 7 leavers left due to redundancy/FTC expiring). The number of leavers in Q4 did increase and it remains challenging to recruit senior planning officers especially as agency terms are move favourable than direct salaries, the service is being restructured in 21-22 to try to improve the structure and create more opportunities for growth and retention (Golden Hellos are already used where appropriate as is 100% funding for qualifications. The area remains a priority for grow your own through apprentice and career graded posts and these are used but currently there is not a valid apprentice framework to utilise. In line with savings required all recruitment must be approved by Leadership Team with enhanced justification and a requirement to explore either restructures or process changes to eliminate the need for the post. The temporary labour supply arrangement went live in April 2020 which has reduced fees paid to agencies and ensures a wider pool of potential candidates. This is working fairly well with issues resolved with Matrix where they arise to improve the pooling. The Indeed EHC branded website is working ok but has not been as successful as hoped. An improved online application form managed through an Applicant Tracking System (ATS) will be introduced in 21-22 to make the candidate journey easier and hopefully reduce the drop off caused by moving between systems.
	 Ongoing work has continued with the Communications team and HR to improve the online presence and promote the employer brand further. Case studies are being developed to support welcoming diversity. Career graded posts are continuing to be used and proving successful for hard to recruit posts with all four Lawyer.
	Career graded posts are continuing to be used and proving successful for hard to recruit posts with all four Lawyer

Update on current position									
 roles successfully filled. All four have started in post which is already really improving the legal capacity of EHC. A review of apprentices is continuing to both manage costs and support succession. This has been slowed by the pandemic, but we now recruiting into customer services as this allows progression into a range of services. We are awaiting a new planner framework and will use this to bring further planning apprentices. The Wellbeing survey was re-run alongside a full staff survey in December 2020 and the staff satisfaction rates received are high which is positive with 95% of respondents proud to work for EHC and 94.7% would recommend EHC to others as a good place to work. 									

No	Score	Vulnerability	Trigger		Consequence	Risk owner		Mitigation / control
5	C 4	Poor performance or failure of key partner or contractor	Poor performance or failure of key partner or contractor	•	Disruption to all Council services Additional costs resulting from response Demand to partner organisations to provide mutual aid to support our response Cost and time involved in unplanned procurement exercises Major media	Head of Operations	•	Risk of contractor failure increased due to COVID. Regular discussions are continuing with contractors and key third sector partners to ensure no failures in delivery particularly during the pandemic Credit risk scores are obtained for major contractors during the
				•	engagement Reputational damage Disruption to council services			operation of the contract and particular attention is paid to trade news concerning contractors'

Appendix 1

No	Score	Vulnerability	Trigger	Consequence	Risk owner	Mitigation / control
			Failure to mobilise major outsourced contracts properly and/or on time	 Damage to relations with outsourcing partner and potential damages claim Major media engagement Reputational damage 		 financial health. Offer of open book accounting to examine any potential cost increases as a result of changing circumstances. Waste-related business continuity plans are also regularly reviewed. Brexit restrictions and the closure of Asian export markets will impact on the sale of and income may cease and costs may increase. Talks are ongoing with other Hertfordshire authorities to determine alternative recycling operators. The council is investigating a circular economy option for the plastics waste stream in particular.

	Update on current position
5	 Risk of business failure has increased due to COVID. Business continuity plans refreshed and regular dialogue maintained with contractors who have been informed the council would look sympathetically at cost increases

Update on current position									
 provided the council was told in advance and the contactor undertook to use reasonable endeavours to resolve cost pressures themselves utilising furlough and other central government support. Successful bid to the National Leisure Recovery Fund in partnership with SLM to support costs whilst reopening with reduced activities and reduced class sizes to maintain social distancing. Contingency plans to step in should contractors fail. Principal route will be to use a TEKAL company to provide the service pending retendering as the company vehicle preserves the private sector T&Cs of employment. Council has and is prepared to offer loans to help contractors with cashflow, subject to an assessment that they are a going concern Requirement for higher recycled packaging content has caused some plastic materials prices to increase. 									

No	Score	Vulnerability	Trigger	Consequence	Risk owner	Mitigation / control
6	C 3	Judicial Review and or major legal challenge	• Council loses case	 Council policy (ies) can no longer be used Unregulated activity until soundly based policy put in place Large costs award against Council Reputational damage Major media engagement Monitoring Officer and or s.151 officer issues Report in the Public 	Head of Legal and Democratic Services	 All Executive, Committee and Council reports require sign off by legal and finance to ensure compliance with budget and policy framework and current legislation. List of policies maintained with review dates. Information Governance function strengthened to ensure compliance with data protection.

No	Score	Vulnerability	Trigger	Consequence	Risk owner	Mitigation / control
				 Interest MHCLG intervention Potential requirement to repeat procurement exercise and compensate unsuccessful bidders in first exercise 		 Policies should be backed by evidence and Leadership Team consideration involves constructive challenge as well as formal Monitoring Officer and s.151 officer.
				 Additional and or abortive costs 		

	Update on current position
6	 Four new solicitors starting with the Council following a successful recruitment process. First solicitor started in January and the final one joined in April. The Contracts Lawyer, who started in March 2021, will allow for much greater control over the Council's major project work and has already begun attending meeting of this nature. Successfully recruited an Information Governance and Data Protection Manager who started at the beginning of 2021, providing the Council with greater resilience against data breaches. Making good progress in addressing any deficiencies or weakness in the Council's approach to data protection and information management.

I	No	Score	Vulnerability	Trigger	Consequence	Risk owner	Mitigation / control
	7	A 1	District Plan	Failure to refresh District	 Planning becomes 	Head of	Evidence based planning

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No	Score	Vulnerability	Trigger	Consequence	Risk owner	Mitigation / control
			Plan to timescales and /or refreshed District Plan found to be unsound at examination	 developer led rather than planning policy led through 5 year land supply test Additional costs to redo work Additional costs of planning appeals and possible judicial reviews Reputational damage Loss of affordable housing andS.106 / community infrastructure levy benefits Failure to meet 5 year Housing Land Supply requirements Possible intervention by MHCLG 	Planning	 policy decisions Strong focus on Member, Parish, partner and community buy-in

	Update on current position
7	 The District Plan was adopted in October 2018 following a successful examination in public. Planning in East Herts is therefore 'plan-led' rather than 'developer-led'. The majority of strategic sites now have an agreed Masterplan. Following the Housing Delivery Test results in January, the Council has maintained the minimum 5% buffer and

Update on current position
 therefore can demonstrate a five year land supply in excess of 6 years. The Council has also continued its trend of annual improvements on the Housing Delivery Test, this year being able to demonstrate a 104% delivery rate meaning that the Council is meeting its housing need and addressing the
 undersupply of previous years as well. A total of 994 dwellings were completed in 2020/21. Of these, 326 were affordable homes which represents 32.8% of all completed dwellings in the district.
 To be effective plans need to be kept up-to-date. The National Planning Policy Framework states policies in local plans, should be reviewed to assess whether they need updating at least once every 5 years, and should then be updated as necessary. Officers are currently considering whether a review of the District Plan is required.

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No	Score	Vulnerability	Trigger		Consequence	Risk owner	Mitigation / control
8	A 4	Climate change	Severe Weather causing major incident (includes flood, wind, snow, cold and heat)	•	Disruption to Council services as staff diverted to response Additional costs of response Service changes required if long recovery phase Service change required to adapt e.g. heatwave early day starts Major media engagement	Head of Housing & Health	 Business Continuity Plan Severe Weather section Emergency Plan including specific response plans to flooding etc. Health and Safety Policy details severe weather response Council reducing carbon footprint for the district
			Drought Weather extremes require substantial retrofit costs	•	Disruption to some services through water restrictions Additional costs of support to vulnerable service users Public health issues Non-availability of capital resources may		 Emergency Plan Business continuity plan Council reducing carbon footprint for the district New modern workspace work stream of the
			for asset adaptions	•	cause working conditions on some days to be unbearable. Instances of abandoning assets where hold the		Transformation Programme will address climate change issues in the design

No	Score	Vulnerability	Trigger	Consequence	Risk owner	Mitigation / control
				 line defences against floods no longer viable Increasing attacks by non-native species causing biodiversity loss Increased costs arising from new operating requirements, e.g. sustained +30 degree heat requires refuse freighter insides to be degreased and jetted 		
				out regularly to prevent oils and fats combusting		

Update on current position

• Climate change motion agreed July 2019.

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- Multi-agency environmental and climate change forum continues.
- Energy efficiency modifications to key existing buildings and new electricity contract is from renewable sources.
- Review of motor fleet with extended use of e-vehicles proposed.
- Carbon footprint reducing as a consequence of pandemic and homeworking. Future agile working will support.
- Food waste minimisation campaign to reduce carbon footprint by food being wasted as well as the disposal route.
- Engagement with insurers over design / materials for new buildings.

No	Score	Vulnerability	Trigger		Consequence	Risk owner		Mitigation / control
9	A 1	Child / Vulnerable	Child / Vulnerable Adult protection	•	Possible legal action for damages	Head of Housing &	•	Safeguarding policy Annual training for staff and
		Adult Protection	failure	•	Possible prosecution Major media engagement Reputational damage	Health		Members

	Update on current position
9	 Member safeguarding training took place on 17 February 2021 Office training on safeguarding annually

No	Score	Vulnerability	Trigger		Consequence	Risk owner		Mitigation / control
10	A 2	Equalities	Council found to discriminated against individuals or communities with protected characteristics OR council has made a decision without considering equalities and diversity implications.	•	Possible legal action for damages Possible enquiry and report by Equalities & Human Rights Commission Major media engagement Reputational damage	Head of Comms, Policy & Strategy	•	East Herts into a shared service for equalities and diversity support with HCC in November 2020. New strategy being developed to address challenges and embed equalities and diversity in decision making.

	Update on current position
10	• Strategy due to go to Overview and Scrutiny Committee on 8 June 2021, then Executive 6 July and Council 28 July.

N	o Score	Vulnerability	Trigger		Consequence	Risk owner		Mitigation / control
1	I B 2	Internal control	Failure of internal control or unethical behaviour	•	Qualified accounts Possible Police involvement if fraud involved Major media engagement Reputational damage Increased costs as a result of loss or fine or compensation payments	Head of Strategic Finance and Property	•	Key reconciliations carried out regularly. Internal audit work planned and undertaken on key areas. Assurance Mapping Electronic workflow where controls much harder to circumvent Separation of duties appropriate to the staffing numbers

	Update on current position
11	 Audits remain mostly on track and there is sufficient audit scope for an assurance opinion to be given Assurance Mapping approach to be introduced which will show visually where assurance is gained and also identifies duplications and unnecessary steps which will inform officers undertaking lean process reviews and help Audit & Governance Committee to see where there are risks and then internal audit resources can be directed there.

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No	Score	Vulnerability	Trigger		Consequence	Risk owner		Mitigation / control
12	A 4	Outbreak of disease in humans	Pandemic and/or Public Health Emergency Declared	•	Loss of staff and/or key skills due to illness and related absenteeism Requirement to enable entire workforce to work from home Requirement for Council and Committees to meet via video conference Loss of income/additional costs Loss of essential services /utilities/ suppliers Demand from partner organisations to provide staff and other resources to support their response Major media engagement Disruption to all Council services Increased risk of fraud from support programmes	Head of Housing and Health	•	Business Continuity Plan Emergency Plan Dynamic risk assessments and keeping office open and COVID secure in line with government guidance. Agile working introduced and scaled up to ensure social distancing Fraud alerts on pandemic circulated by SAFS

	Update on current position
12	 Updates on financial compensation are included under Risk 1
	 Updates on recovery work on supporting the local economy are detailed under Risk 2
	 Alternative working methods instigated as a result of Covid 19 including home working and IT communications solutions (Zoom, Teams, WhatsApp and the like)
	• Agile Working pilot commenced 19 th April 2021 to trial more permanent move to more flexible working methods
	 Detailed, up-to-date risk assessments in place including frequent Covid self-testing
	Live Well, Work Well programme amended to incorporate greater emphasis on staff mental health
	 Joined up working with key partners, notably HCC and the police, to ensure coherent and planned use of financial and staff resources, for example Covid marshals and joint visits/advice/enforcement actions re: businesses

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No	Score	Vulnerability	Trigger		Consequence	Risk owner		Mitigation / control
13	A1	Business Continuity Plan / Emergency Plan	Major Incident Occurs Plan fails	•	Loss of essential services / utilities/ suppliers Demand from partner organisations to provide staff and other resources to support their response Major media engagement Disruption to all Council services Unable to support partner organisations to provide staff and other resources to support	Head of Housing & Health	•	Emergency Plan Major Incident protocols Business Continuity Plan Keep plans under review every 6 month and keep evidence. Review of response after every incident Training for staff in EP roles Regular exercises once a quarter Emergency and Resilience work provided through Hertfordshire County Council
				•	their response Possible legal action or public inquiry			

	Update on current position
13	Normal business continuity and emergency planning activities have continued during the pandemic
	Mutual aid was provided to the NHS to support staff shortages as well as supporting testing and vaccination
	 Desk top exercise accessing plans and refresh of contact lists undertaken
	Communications test undertaken from County to Districts to check notification cascade.

		Description	Likelihood of occurrence	Ρ	robability of occurrence
	4	High	Monthly	The event is expected to occ	cur or occurs regularly
po	3	Medium	Annually	The event will probably occu	ur
Likelihood	2	Low	1 in 5 years	The event may occur	
Lit	1	Very Low	Less frequently than 1 in 5 years	The event may occur in exce	eptional circumstances
		Description	Financial	Reputation	Service / operation
	A	Critical	> £1m p.a.	Serious negative media	Catastrophic fall in service quality or long term disruption to services
act	В	Significant	£400,000 to £1m p.a.	Adverse national media	Major fall in service quality or serious disruption to services
Impact	С	Marginal	£100,000 to £400,000 p.a.	Adverse local media	Significant fall in service quality
	D	Minor	<£100,000	Public concerns restricted to local complaints	Little impact to service quality